

# Product Information Sheet for NR-55311

## Spike Glycoprotein (Stabilized) from SARS-Related Coronavirus 2, B.1.1.7 Lineage with C-Terminal Histidine and Avi Tags, Recombinant from HEK293 Cells

### Catalog No. NR-55311

This reagent is the tangible property of the U.S. Government.

**For research use only. Not for use in humans.**

#### Contributor:

BEI Resources

#### Manufacturer:

D. Noah Sather, Associate Professor, Center for Global Infectious Disease Research, Seattle Children's Research Institute, Seattle, Washington, USA

#### Product Description:

A recombinant form of the spike (S) glycoprotein from severe acute respiratory syndrome-related coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2), United Kingdom variant (UK; B.1.1.7 lineage) was produced in human embryonic kidney HEK293 cells and purified by immobilized metal affinity chromatography.<sup>1,2,3</sup> NR-55311 lacks the signal sequence and contains 1193 residues (ectodomain) of the SARS-CoV-2 spike glycoprotein; the recombinant protein was stabilized by substitution at the furin S1/S2 cleavage site (RRAR→GSAS; residues 682 to 685) and KV→PP mutations (residues 986 and 987; wild type numbering), and includes a T4 foldon trimerization domain, HRV3C protease cleavage site and C-terminal octa-histidine tag fused to an AviTag™ BirA biotinylation acceptor sequence.<sup>1,2,3</sup> NR-55311 is derived from the B.1.1.7 lineage of SARS-CoV-2, which includes del69-70, del144, N501Y, A570D, D614G, P681H, T716I, S982A and D1118H mutations in the S glycoprotein as compared to the SARS-CoV-2 reference sequence (GenPept: [QHD43416](#)).<sup>1,4,5</sup> The predicted protein sequence is shown in Figure 1.<sup>1</sup> NR-55311 has a theoretical molecular weight of 139,500 daltons. The crystal structure for trimeric S glycoprotein from SARS-CoV-2, UK variant (B.1.1.7 lineage) has been solved at 3.22 Å resolution (PDB: [7LWS](#)).<sup>5</sup>

The S glycoprotein mediates viral binding to the host angiotensin converting enzyme 2 (ACE2). This protein forms a trimer, and when bound to a host receptor allows fusion of the viral and cellular membranes.<sup>6</sup> The UK variants of SARS-CoV-2 include multiple mutations that were first identified in the United Kingdom, and the most studied is N501Y. Structural modeling and mouse studies indicate N501Y increases S glycoprotein binding to ACE2, resulting in increased SARS-CoV-2 virulence.<sup>7,8</sup>

#### Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 100 µL of NR-55311 in 10 mM HEPES, pH 7, 150 mM NaCl and 2 mM ethylenediamine-tetraacetic acid (EDTA). The concentration,

expressed as mg per mL, is shown on the Certificate of Analysis.

#### Packaging/Storage:

NR-55311 was packaged aseptically in cryovials. The product is provided on dry ice and should be stored at -20°C or colder immediately upon arrival. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

#### Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: Spike Glycoprotein (Stabilized) from SARS-Related Coronavirus 2, B.1.1.7 Lineage with C-Terminal Histidine and Avi Tags, Recombinant from HEK293 Cells, NR-55311."

#### Biosafety Level: 1

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 6th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2020; see [www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm](http://www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm).

#### Disclaimers:

You are authorized to use this product for research use only. It is not intended for human use.

Use of this product is subject to the terms and conditions of the BEI Resources Material Transfer Agreement (MTA). The MTA is available on our Web site at [www.beiresources.org](http://www.beiresources.org).

While BEI Resources uses reasonable efforts to include accurate and up-to-date information on this product sheet, neither ATCC® nor the U.S. Government makes any warranties or representations as to its accuracy. Citations from scientific literature and patents are provided for informational purposes only. Neither ATCC® nor the U.S. Government warrants that such information has been confirmed to be accurate.

This product is sent with the condition that you are responsible for its safe storage, handling, use and disposal. ATCC® and the U.S. Government are not liable for any damages or injuries arising from receipt and/or use of this product. While reasonable effort is made to ensure authenticity and reliability of materials on deposit, the U.S. Government, ATCC®, their suppliers and contributors to BEI Resources are not liable for damages arising from the misidentification or misrepresentation of products.

#### Use Restrictions:

**This material is distributed for internal research, non-commercial purposes only.** This material, its product or its derivatives may not be distributed to third parties. Except as performed under a U.S. Government contract, individuals contemplating commercial use of the material, its products or

its derivatives must contact the contributor to determine if a license is required. U.S. Government contractors may need a license before first commercial sale.

#### References:

1. Sather, D. N., Personal Communication.
2. Wrapp, D., et al. "Cryo-EM Structure of the 2019-nCoV Spike in the Prefusion Conformation." Science 367 (2020): 1260-1263. PubMed: 32075877.
3. Walls, A. C., et al. "Structure, Function, and Antigenicity of the SARS-CoV-2 Spike Glycoprotein." Cell 181 (2020): 281-292. PubMed: 32155444.
4. Wu, F., et al. "A New Coronavirus Associated with Human Respiratory Disease in China." Nature 579 (2020): 265-269. PubMed: 32015508.
5. Gobeil, S. M., et al. "Effect of Natural Mutations of SARS-CoV-2 on Spike Structure, Conformation and Antigenicity." bioRxiv (2021). doi: 10.1101/2021.03.11.435037. PubMed: 33758838.
6. Hulswit, R. J. G., C. A. M. de Haan and B. -J. Bosch. "Coronavirus Spike Protein and Tropism Changes." Adv. Virus Res. 96 (2016): 29-57. PubMed: 27712627.
7. Gu, H., et al. "Adaptation of SARS-CoV-2 in BALB/c Mice for Testing Vaccine Efficacy." Science 369 (2020): 1603-1607. PubMed: 32732280.
8. Leung, K., et al. "Early Transmissibility Assessment of the N501Y Mutant Strains of SARS-CoV-2 in the United Kingdom, October to November 2020." Euro. Surveill. 26 (2021): pii 2002106. PubMed: 33413740.

ATCC® is a trademark of the American Type Culture Collection.



Figure 1: Predicted Protein Sequence

```

1  SQCVNLTRT QLPPAYTNSF TRGVYYPDKV FRSSVLHSTQ DLFLPFFSNV
51  TWFHAISGTN GTKRFDNPVL PFNDGVYFAS TEKSNIIRGW IFGTTLDSKT
101 QSLILVNNAT NVVIKVCFFQ FCNDPFLGVY HKNNKSWMES EFRVYSSANN
151 CTFEYVSQPF LMDLEGKQGN FKNLREFVFK NIDGYFKIYS KHTPINLVRD
201 LPQGFSALEP LVDLPIGINI TRFQTLLALH RSYLTPGDSS SGWTAGAAAY
251 YVGYLQPRTF LLKYNENGTI TDAVDCALDP LSETKCTLKS FTVEKGIYQT
301 SNFRVQPTES IVRFPNITNL CPFGEVFNAT RFASVYAWNR KRISNCVADY
351 SVLYNSASF S TFKCYGVSP T KLNDLCFTNV YADSFVIRGD EVRQIAPGQT
401 GKIADYNYKL PDDFTGCVIA WNSNNLDSKV GGNYNLYRL FRKSNLKPFE
451 RDISTEIIYA GSTPCNGVEG FNCYFPLQSY GFQPTYGVGY QPYRVVLSF
501 ELLHAPATVC GPKKSTNLVK NKCWNFNENG LTGTGVLTES NKKFLPFQQF
551 GRDIDDTTDA VRDPQTLEIL DITPCSFSGV SVITPGTNTS NQVAVLYQGV
601 NCTEVPVAIH ADQLTPTWRV YSTGSNVFQT RAGCLIGAEH VNNSYECDDP
651 IGAGICASYQ TQTNSHGSAS SVASQSIIAY TMSLGAENSV AYSNNSIAIP
701 INFTISVTTE ILPVSMTKTS VDCTMYICGD STECSNLLLQ YGSFCTQLNR
751 ALTGIAVEQD KNTQEVFAQV KQIYKTPPIK DFGGFNFSQI LPDPSKPSKR
801 SFIEDLLFNK VTLADAGFIK QYGDCLGDIA ARDLICAQKF NGLTVLPPLL
851 TDEMIAQYTS ALLAGTITSG WTFGAGAALQ IPFAMQMAYR FNGIGVTQNV
901 LYENQKLIAN QFNSAIGKIQ DSLSSTASAL GKLQDVVNQN AQALNTLVKQ
951 LSSNFGAISS VLNDILARLD PPEAEVQIDR LITGRLQSLQ TYVTQQLIRA
1001 AEIRASANLA ATKMSECVLG QSKRVDFCGK GYHLSMFPQS APHGCVFLHV
1051 TYVPAQEKNF TTAPAICHDG KAHFPREGVF VSNGTHWFTV QRNFYEPQII
1101 TTHNTFVSGN CDVVIGIVNN TVYDPLQPEL DSFKEELDKY FKNHTSPDVD
1151 LGDISGINAS VVNIQKEIDR LNEVAKNLNE SLIDLQELGK YEQGSYIPE
1201 APRDGQAYVR KDGEWVLLST FLGRSLEVL F QGPGGSHHHH HHHHGLNDIF
1251 EAQKIEWHE

```

Spike ectodomain – **Residues 1 to 1193** (represents WT amino acid residues 13 to 1208)

RRAR to GSAS substitution of S1/S2 cleavage site – Residues 667 to 670

KV to PP stabilizing mutations – Residues 971 and 972

N501Y, A570D, D614G, P681H, T716I, S982A and D1118H mutations –

**Residues 486, 555, 599, 666, 701, 967 and 1103**

T4 foldon trimerization domain – Residues 1196 to 1222

HRV3C protease cleavage site – Residues 1226 to 1233

Octa-histidine tag and AviTag™ – Residues 1237 to 1259