

# **Product Information Sheet for NR-210**

Yersinia enterocolitica enterocolitica, Strain WA-314

subsp.

Catalog No. NR-210

(Derived from ATCC® 51871™)

For research only. Not for use in humans.

#### Contributor:

ATCC®

#### Manufacturer:

**BEI Resources** 

## **Product Description:**

<u>Bacteria Classification</u>: Enterobacteriaceae, Yersinia <u>Species</u>: Yersinia enterocolitica subsp. enterocolitica<sup>1,2</sup>

<u>Strain</u>: WA-314 <u>Biotype</u>: 1B <u>Serotype</u>: O:8

<u>Original Source</u>: Yersinia enterocolitica (Y. enterocolitica) subsp. enterocolitica, strain WA-314 is a human clinical specimen.<sup>3</sup>

Comments: Y. enterocolitica subsp. enterocolitica, strain WA-314 was deposited at ATCC® by Dr. Alexander V. Rakin, Max von Pettenkofer-Institute of Hygiene and Medical Microbiology, University of Munich, Munich, Germany. The complete genome of Y. enterocolitica subsp. enterocolitica, strain WA-314 is available (GenBank: NZ AKKR00000000.1).

*Y. enterocolitica* subsp. *enterocolitica* is a significant foodborne enteropathogen which causes gastroenteritis.<sup>4</sup> *Y. enterocolitica* subsp. *enterocolitica* is an extremely heterogeneous species, encompassing six biotypes and currently more than 50 serogroups, not all of which can cause disease.<sup>5</sup> It is of particular concern to the food industry because it is a psychrotrophic pathogen able to proliferate at temperatures approaching 0°C.

*Y. enterocolitica* subsp. *enterocolitica* is a non-spore-forming, Gram-negative, rod-shaped coccobacillus. Virulence-associated genes are located on the chromosome and on the pYV (approximately 70 kb) plasmid found in typical virulent strains of *Y. enterocolitica* subsp. *enterocolitica*.<sup>6,7</sup> This plasmid encodes a type III secretion system involved in the delivery of virulence proteins that contribute to internalization into host cells.<sup>7</sup>

### **Material Provided:**

Each vial contains approximately 0.5 mL of bacterial culture in Tryptic Soy Broth supplemented with 10% glycerol.

<u>Note</u>: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

## Packaging/Storage:

NR-210 was packaged aseptically, in screw-capped plastic cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored

at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

## **Growth Conditions:**

Media:

Brain Heart Infusion broth or Tryptic Soy broth or equivalent Tryptic Soy agar or Sheep Blood agar or equivalent Incubation:

Temperature: 26°C<sup>8</sup> Atmosphere: Aerobic

Propagation:

- 1. Keep vial frozen until ready for use; thaw slowly.
- 2. Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth.
- Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an agar slant and/or plate.
- 4. Incubate the tubes and plate at 26°C for 1 to 2 days.

#### Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: *Yersinia enterocolitica* subsp. *enterocolitica*, Strain WA-314, NR-210."

## Biosafety Level: 2

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 6th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2020; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm.

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