

***Acinetobacter baumannii*, Strain MRSN 7725**

Catalog No. NR-52182

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Contributor:

Multidrug-Resistant Organism Repository and Surveillance Network (MRSN), Bacterial Disease Branch, Walter Reed Army Institute of Research, Silver Spring, Maryland, USA

Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

Bacteria Classification: *Moraxellaceae*, *Acinetobacter*

Species: *Acinetobacter baumannii*

Strain: MRSN 7725

Original Source: *Acinetobacter baumannii* (*A. baumannii*), strain MRSN 7725 was isolated in 2006 from a human wound sample in the United States as part of a global surveillance program.^{1,2}

Comments: *A. baumannii*, strain MRSN 7725 was deposited as part of the MRSN *Acinetobacter baumannii* Diversity Panel available from BEI Resources as NR-52248. NR-52182 was deposited as multi-locus sequence type (MLST) ST 412, resistant to trimethoprim/sulfamethoxazole, sensitive to amikacin, cefepime, ceftazidime, ceftriaxone, ciprofloxacin, colistin, gentamicin, imipenem, levofloxacin, meropenem, tetracycline and tobramycin and intermediately resistant to ampicillin/sulbactam.¹ Strain MRSN 7725 is reported to have two aminoglycoside transferase genes [*aph(3'')*-Ib and *aph(6)*-Id; conferring resistance to various aminoglycosides], two beta-lactamase genes (*bla_{ADC-25}* and *bla_{OXA-528}*; conferring resistance to beta-lactams) and one sulfonamide resistance gene (*sul2*; conferring resistance to sulfonamides).¹ The complete genome of *A. baumannii*, strain MRSN 7725 is available (GenBank: [VHDW00000000](https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/nuclseq/CP010000)).

A. baumannii is an aerobic, Gram-negative bacillus that exhibits the ability to rapidly develop antibiotic resistance and is a major cause of hospital-acquired infection.³ The genomes of multidrug resistant strains of *A. baumannii* contain resistance "islands" that can contain up to 45 resistance genes. Acquisition of these antibiotic resistance genes occurs through genetic exchange of plasmids, transposons and integrons with *Pseudomonas*, *Salmonella* and *Escherichia* species.^{4,5}

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 0.5 mL of bacterial culture in Tryptic Soy broth supplemented with 10% glycerol.

Note: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-52182 was packaged aseptically in cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Growth Conditions:

Media:

Nutrient broth or Tryptic Soy broth or equivalent
Nutrient agar or Tryptic Soy agar or Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood or equivalent

Incubation:

Temperature: 37°C
Atmosphere: Aerobic

Propagation:

1. Keep vial frozen until ready for use, then thaw.
2. Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth.
3. Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an agar slant and/or plate.
4. Incubate the tube, slant and/or plate at 37°C for 1 day.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: *Acinetobacter baumannii*, Strain MRSN 7725, NR-52182. This strain is part of the *Acinetobacter baumannii* Diversity Panel provided by the Multidrug-Resistant Organism Repository and Surveillance Network (MRSN) at the Walter Reed Army Institute of Research (WRAIR)."

Biosafety Level: 2

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 6th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2020; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmb15/index.htm.

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References:

1. McGann, P., Personal Communication.
2. Galac, M. R., et al. "A Diverse Panel of Clinical *Acinetobacter baumannii* for Research and Development." Antimicrob. Agents Chemother. 64 (2020): e00840-20. PubMed: 32718956.
3. Howard, A., et al. "*Acinetobacter baumannii*: An Emerging Opportunistic Pathogen." Virulence 3 (2012): 243-250. PubMed: 22546906.
4. Fournier, P.-E., et al. "Comparative Genomics of Multidrug Resistance in *Acinetobacter baumannii*." PLoS Genet. 2 (2006): e7. PubMed: 16415984.
5. Imperi, F., et al. "The Genomics of *Acinetobacter baumannii*: Insights into Genome Plasticity, Antimicrobial Resistance and Pathogenicity." IUBMB Life 63 (2011): 1068-1074. PubMed: 22034231.

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