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SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

# Acinetobacter baumannii, Strain MRSN 3658

# Catalog No. NR-52162

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# For research use only. Not for use in humans.

# Contributor:

Multidrug-Resistant Organism Repository and Surveillance Network (MRSN), Bacterial Disease Branch, Walter Reed Army Institute of Research, Silver Spring, Maryland, USA

## Manufacturer:

**BEI Resources** 

## **Product Description:**

Bacteria Classification: Moraxellaceae, Acinetobacter Species: Acinetobacter baumannii

#### Strain: MRSN 3658

- <u>Original Source</u>: Acinetobacter baumannii (A. baumannii), strain MRSN 3658 was isolated in 2010 from a human in Europe as part of a global surveillance program.<sup>1,2</sup>
- Comments: A. baumannii, strain MRSN 3658 was deposited as part of the MRSN Acinetobacter baumannii Diversity Panel available from BEI Resources as NR-52248. NR-52162 was deposited as multi-locus sequence type (MLST) ST 54, sensitive to amikacin, ampicillin/sulbactam, cefepime, ceftazidime, ceftriaxone, ciprofloxacin, colistin, imipenem. levofloxacin. meropenem. gentamicin, trimethoprim/sulfamethoxazole tetracycline, and tobramycin. Strain MRSN 3658 is reported to have two beta-lactamase genes (blaADC-25 and blaOXA-365; conferring resistance to beta-lactams).1 The complete genome of A. baumannii, strain MRSN 3658 is available (GenBank: VHEV0000000).

*A. baumannii* is an aerobic, Gram-negative bacillus that exhibits the ability to rapidly develop antibiotic resistance and is a major cause of hospital-acquired infection.<sup>3</sup> The genomes of multidrug resistant strains of *A. baumannii* contain resistance "islands" that can contain up to 45 resistance genes. Acquisition of these antibiotic resistance genes occurs through genetic exchange of plasmids, transposons and integrons with *Pseudomonas*, *Salmonella* and *Escherichia* species.<sup>4,5</sup>

#### **Material Provided:**

Each vial contains approximately 0.5 mL of bacterial culture in Tryptic Soy broth supplemented with 10% glycerol.

<u>Note</u>: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

#### Packaging/Storage:

NR-52162 was packaged aseptically in cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

# **Growth Conditions:**

#### Media:

Nutrient broth or Tryptic Soy broth or equivalent

Nutrient agar or Tryptic Soy agar or Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood or equivalent

Incubation:

Temperature: 37°C

Atmosphere: Aerobic

Propagation:

- 1. Keep vial frozen until ready for use, then thaw.
- 2. Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth.
- 3. Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an agar slant and/or plate.
- 4. Incubate the tube, slant and/or plate at 37°C for 1 day.

## Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: *Acinetobacter baumannii*, Strain MRSN 3658, NR-52162. This strain is part of the *Acinetobacter baumannii* Diversity Panel provided by the Multidrug-Resistant Organism Repository and Surveillance Network (MRSN) at the Walter Reed Army Institute of Research (WRAIR)."

## **Biosafety Level: 2**

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. <u>Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories</u>. 6th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2020; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm.

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# **References:**

- 1. McGann, P., Personal Communication.
- Galac, M. R., et al. "A Diverse Panel of Clinical Acinetobacter baumannii for Research and Development." <u>Antimicrob. Agents Chemother.</u> 64 (2020): e00840-20. PubMed: 32718956.
- Howard, A., et al. "Acinetobacter baumannii: An Emerging Opportunistic Pathogen." <u>Virulence</u> 3 (2012): 243-250. PubMed: 22546906.
- Fournier, P.-E., et al. "Comparative Genomics of Multidrug Resistance in *Acinetobacter baumannii*." <u>PLoS Genet.</u> 2 (2006): e7. PubMed: 16415984.
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