

Certificate of Analysis for NR-41799

Influenza A Virus, A/New Caledonia/20/1999 (H1N1)

Catalog No. NR-41799

Derived from CDC ID No. 99044140

Product Description:

Influenza A virus, A/New Caledonia/20/1999 (H1N1) was isolated from a human in New Caledonia on June 9, 1999. NR-41799 lot 70046995 is derived from CDC ID No. 99044140 and was produced in the allantoic cavity of specific pathogen free (SPF) embryonated chicken eggs (10- to 11-day-old; Charles River, Norwich, Connecticut, USA) infected with the deposited material for 2 days at 33°C in a humidified chamber.

Lot: 70046995 Manufacturing Date: 01SEP2021

TEST	SPECIFICATIONS	RESULTS
Identification by Infectivity Using Embryonated Chicken Eggs Hemagglutination activity using allantoic fluid from infected eggs and 0.5% chicken red blood cells	Positive	Positive
Sequencing of Hemagglutinin and Matrix Coding Regions Hemagglutinin (~ 440 nucleotides)	≥ 98% identity with A/New	100% identity with A/New
Matrix (~ 940 nucleotides)	Caledonia/20/1999 (H1N1) (GenBank: CY033622) ≥ 98% identity with A/New Caledonia/20/1999 (H1N1) (GenBank: CY033623)	Caledonia/20/1999 (H1N1) (GenBank: CY033622) 100% identity with A/New Caledonia/20/1999 (H1N1) (GenBank: CY033623)
Titer by CEID ₅₀ Assay in Embryonated Chicken Eggs ¹ (2 days at 33°C in a humidified chamber)	Report results	8.9 × 10 ⁸ CEID ₅₀ per mL
Sterility (21-day incubation)		
Harpo's HTYE broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic ²	No growth	No growth
Trypticase Soy broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic	No growth	No growth
Sabouraud broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic	No growth	No growth
Sheep blood agar, 37°C, aerobic	No growth	No growth
Sheep blood agar, 37°C, anaerobic	No growth	No growth
Thioglycollate broth, 37°C, anaerobic	No growth	No growth
DMEM with 10% FBS, 37°C, aerobic	No growth	No growth
Mycoplasma Contamination		
Agar and broth culture (14-day incubation at 37°C)	None detected	None detected
DNA detection by PCR of extracted Test Article nucleic acid	None detected	None detected

¹The Chicken Embryo Infectious Dose 50% (CEID₅₀) is the dilution of virus that under the conditions of the assay can be expected to infect 50% of the inoculated embryonated chicken eggs, just as a Lethal Dose 50% (LD₅₀) is expected to kill half of the animals exposed. A reciprocal of the dilution required to yield the CEID₅₀ provides a measure of the infectious titer (or infectivity) of a virus preparation.

/Heather Couch/

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Program Manager or designee, ATCC Federal Solutions

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²Atlas, Ronald M. <u>Handbook of Microbiological Media</u>. 3rd ed. Ed. Lawrence C. Parks. Boca Raton: CRC Press, 2004, p. 798.