

SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

Product Information Sheet for NR-2639

Genomic DNA from Vaccinia Virus, Western Reserve (NIAID, Tissue Culture Adapted)

Catalog No. NR-2639

For research use only. Not for use in humans.

Contributor:

ATCC®

Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

Genomic DNA was isolated from a preparation of cell lysate and supernatant from African green monkey cells (Vero; ATCC® CCL-81™) infected with vaccinia virus, Western Reserve (WR; NIAID, tissue culture adapted), which was derived from the original New York City Board of Health (NYCBOH) strain by intracerebral passages in mice followed by tissue culture adaptation.^{1,2} It has been utilized in constructing vectors for gene expression and in producing viral proteins and DNA.^{3,4} The complete genomic sequence of vaccinia virus, WR has been determined (GenBank: AY243312).⁵

NR-2639 has been qualified for PCR applications by amplification of a sequence of at least 1100 base pairs. See Certificates of Analysis for details. NR-2639 is <u>not</u> intended for use as a standard for quantitative PCR.

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 100 µL of viral genomic DNA in TE buffer (10 mM Tris-HCl, 1 mM EDTA, pH 7.0). The viral genomic DNA is in a background of cellular nucleic acid and carrier RNA. The vial should be centrifuged prior to opening.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-2639 was packaged aseptically in screw-capped plastic cryovials. The product is provided frozen on dry ice and should be stored at -20°C or colder immediately upon arrival. Freeze-thaw cycles should be minimized.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: Genomic DNA from Vaccinia Virus, Western Reserve (NIAID, Tissue Culture Adapted), NR-2639."

Biosafety Level: 1

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 6th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2020; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm.

Disclaimers:

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References:

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- Gallego-Gómez, J. C., et al. "Differences in Virus-Induced Cell Morphology and in Virus Maturation between MVA

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- and Other Strains (WR, Ankara, and NYCBH) of Vaccinia Virus in Infected Human Cells." <u>J. Virol.</u> 77 (2003): 10606-10622. PubMed: 12970445.
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