

Product Information Sheet for NR-55510

Klebsiella pneumoniae, Strain MRSN 5881

Catalog No. NR-55510

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For research use only. Not for use in humans.

Contributor:

Multidrug-Resistant Organism Repository and Surveillance Network (MRSN), Bacterial Disease Branch, Walter Reed Army Institute of Research, Silver Spring, Maryland, USA

Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

Bacteria Classification: Enterobacteriaceae, Klebsiella

Species: Klebsiella pneumoniae

Strain: MRSN 5881

<u>Original Source</u>: *Klebsiella pneumoniae (K. pneumoniae*), strain MRSN 5881 was isolated in 2005 from a human wound sample in North America as part of a global surveillance program.¹

Comments: K. pneumoniae, strain MRSN 5881 was deposited as part of the MRSN Klebsiella pneumoniae Diversity Panel available from BEI Resources as NR-55604. NR-55510 was deposited as multi-locus sequence type (MLST) ST 48, K-locus type (KL) KL62, O-locus type (OL) O1v1, VIR score 3, aerobactin gene allele (iuc) and regulator of capsular polysaccharide allele (rmpA2). MRSN 5881 was deposited as an extensively drug-resistant strain, sensitive to ceftazidime/avibactam, ertapenem, imipenem, meropenem and tigecycline, intermediately resistant to levofloxacin and resistant to amikacin, ampicillin/sulbactam, aztreonam, cefepime, ceftazidime, ceftolozane/tazobactam, ciprofloxacin, ceftriaxone, gentamicin, piperacillin/tazobactam, tetracycline, tobramycin and trimethoprim/sulfamethoxazole. Strain MRSN 5881 is reported to have five aminoglycoside transferase genes [aac(3)-lle, aac(6')-lb-cr5, aph(3')-la, aph(3'')-lb and conferring aph(6)-ld; resistance to various aminoglycosides], five beta-lactamase genes (blacmy-4, blactx-M-15, blactx-M-15, blactx-M-1, blashy-1 and blatem-1; conferring to beta-lactams), two chloramphenicol acetyltransferase genes (catA1 and catB3; conferring resistance to chloramphenicol), one dihydrofolate reductase gene (dfrA12; conferring resistance to trimethoprim), one fosfomycin resistance gene (fosA_gen; conferring resistance to fosfomycin), one 16S rRNA methyltransferase gene (rmtH; conferring resistance to aminoglycosides), one macrolide phosphotransferase gene [mph(A); conferring resistance to macrolides], two sulfonamide resistance genes (sul1 and sul2; conferring resistance to sulfonamides) and one tetracycline resistance gene [tet(A); conferring resistance to tetracycline].1 The complete genome of K. pneumoniae, strain MRSN 5881 has been sequenced (GenBank: JAGYEW000000000).

 $K.\ pneumoniae$ is a Gram-negative enterobacterium that is a major cause of nosocomial infections of the urinary and respiratory tracts. Due to the extensive spread of antibiotic-resistant strains, especially of extended-spectrum β -lactamase (ESBL)-producing strains, there has been renewed interest in Klebsiella infections. 2,3,4

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 0.5 mL of bacterial culture in Tryptic Soy broth supplemented with 10% glycerol.

<u>Note</u>: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-55510 was packaged aseptically in cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Growth Conditions:

Media:

Nutrient broth or Tryptic Soy broth or equivalent

Nutrient agar or Tryptic Soy agar or Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood or equivalent

Incubation:

Temperature: 37°C Atmosphere: Aerobic

Propagation:

- 1. Keep vial frozen until ready for use, then thaw.
- 2. Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth.
- Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an agar slant and/or plate.
- 4. Incubate the tube, slant and/or plate at 37°C for 1 day.

Citation

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: *Klebsiella pneumoniae*, Strain MRSN 5881, NR-55510. This strain is part of the *Klebsiella pneumoniae* Diversity Panel provided by the Multidrug-Resistant Organism Repository and Surveillance Network (MRSN) at the Walter Reed Army Institute of Research (WRAIR)."

Biosafety Level: 2

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 6th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2020; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm.

Disclaimers:

You are authorized to use this product for research use only. It is not intended for human use.

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References:

- 1. McGann, P., Personal Communication.
- Lascols, C., et al. "Increasing Prevalence and Dissemination of NDM-1 Metallo-β-Lactamase in India: Data from the SMART Study (2009)." <u>J. Antimicrob.</u> <u>Chemother.</u> 66 (2011): 1992-1997. PubMed: 21676902.
- Ramirez, M. S., et al. "Multidrug-Resistant (MDR) Klebsiella pneumoniae Clinical Isolates: A Zone of High Heterogeneity (HHZ) as a Tool for Epidemiological Studies." Clin. Microbiol. Infect. 18 (2012): E254-E258. PubMed: 22551038.
- Podschun, R. and U. Ullmann. "Klebsiella spp. as Nosocomial Pathogens: Epidemiology, Taxonomy, Typing Methods, and Pathogenicity Factors." <u>Clin. Microbiol. Rev.</u> 11 (1998): 589-603. PubMed: 9767057.

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