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SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

Glycoprotein (G) from Human Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) B, Strain 18537, with C-Terminal Histidine Tag, Recombinant from HEK293 Cells

Catalog No. NR-59002 Sino Biological Catalog No. 40829-V08H

For research use only. Not for use in humans.

Contributor and Manufacturer:

Sino Biological, Wayne, Pennsylvania, USA

Product Description:

A recombinant form of the glycoprotein (G) from human respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) B, strain 18537 (UniProt: <u>P20896</u>) (His67-Asn292), with a C-terminal poly-histidine tag, was expressed in human embryonic kidney HEK293 cells and purified by nickel affinity chromatography.¹ The predicted protein sequence is shown in Figure 1. NR-59002 comprises 237 amino acids with a predicted molecular weight of 26,400 daltons.¹ It migrates as an approximately 54.58 kDa band in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions.

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 50 μ g of purified recombinant protein lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4, 5% trehalose, 5% mannitol and 0.01% Tween-80.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-59002 was packaged aseptically in glass vials. The product is provided on dry ice and should be stored under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C immediately upon arrival. It is recommended that the protein be aliquoted for optimal storage. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Reconstitution:

It is recommended that $200 \ \mu$ L of sterile water be added to the vial to prepare a stock solution of 0.25 mg/mL.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: Glycoprotein (G) from Human Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) B, Strain 18537, with C-Terminal Histidine Tag, Recombinant from HEK293 Cells, NR-59002."

Biosafety Level: 1

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. <u>Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories (BMBL)</u>. 6th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2020.

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References:

- 1. Lei, C., Personal Communication.
- Martin-Gallardo, A., et al. "Expression of the G Glycoprotein Gene of Human Respiratory Syncytial Virus in *Salmonella typhimurium*." J. Gen. Virol. 74 (1993): 453-458. PubMed: 8445368.
- Melero, J. A., et al. "Antigenic Structure, Evolution and Immunobiology of Human Respiratory Syncytial Virus Attachment (G) Protein." <u>J. Gen. Virol.</u> 78 (1997): 2411-2418. PubMed: 9349459.
- Feldman, S. A., et al. "Identification of a Linear Heparin Binding Domain for Human Respiratory Syncytial Virus Attachment Glycoprotein G." <u>J. Virol</u>. 73 (1999): 6610-6617. PubMed: 10400758.
- García-Beato, R and J. A. Melero. "The C-Terminal Third of Human Respiratory Syncytial Virus Attachment (G) Protein is Partially Resistant to Protease Digestion and is Glycosylated in a Cell-Type-Specific Manner." J. Gen. Virol. 81 (2000): 919-927. PubMed: 10725417.
- Zlateva, K. T., et al. "Molecular Evolution and Circulation Patterns of Human Respiratory Syncytial Virus Subgroup A: Positively Selected Sites in the Attachment G Glycoprotein." <u>J. Virol.</u> 78 (2004): 4675-4683. PubMed: 15078950.

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 Trento, A., et al. "Natural History of Human Respiratory Syncytial Virus Inferred from Phylogenetic Analysis of the Attachment (G) Glycoprotein with a 60-Nucleotide Duplication." <u>J. Virol.</u> 80 (2006): 975-984. PubMed: 1637899.

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Figure 1: Predicted Protein Sequence

1	HKVTLTTVTV	QTIKNHTEKN	ISTYLTQVPP	ERVNSSKQPT	TTSPIHTNSA
51	TISPNTKSET	HHTTAQTKGR	ITTSTQTNKP	STKSRSKNPP	KKPKDDYHFE
101	VFNFVPCSIC	GNNQLCKSIC	KTIPSNKPKK	KPTIKPTNKP	TTKTTNKRDP
151	KTPAKMPKKE	IITNPAKKPT	LKTTERDTSI	SQSTVLDTIT	PKYTIQQQSL
201	HSTTSENTPS	STQIPTASEP	STLNPN AHHH	НННННН	

G protein – **Residues 1 to 226** [represents amino acid residues 67 to 292 (UniProt: <u>P20896</u>)] Poly-histidine tag – Residues 228 to 237