

Product Information Sheet for MRA-1326

Anopheles stephensi, Strain SDA-500, Eggs

Catalog No. MRA-1326

For research use only. Not for use in humans.

Contributor:

Peter F. Billingsley, Sanaria Inc., Rockville, Maryland, USA

Manufacturer:

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Atlanta, Georgia, USA

Product Description:

Protozoa Classification: *Culicidae, Anopheles*

Species: *Anopheles stephensi*

Strain: SDA-500 [internally designated as SDA-500 (9800)]

Original Source: *Anopheles stephensi* (*An. stephensi*), strain

SDA-500 was originally isolated in 1982 in Sindh Province, Pakistan.¹

Comments: *An. stephensi*, strain SDA 500 is highly susceptible to the human malaria parasite *Plasmodium falciparum* (*P. falciparum*) and is known to transmit *P. falciparum*, *P. vivax*, *P. berghei*, *P. yoelii*, and *P. chabaudi*.¹ A near-chromosome level genome assembly of *An. stephensi* strain SDA 500 is available.²

Material Provided:

MRA-1326 contains a suitable number of eggs to establish a stock. Eggs are provided on damp filter paper and should be hatched immediately upon receipt.

Packaging/Storage:

MRA-1326 is prepared and shipped by CDC. The product is provided at room temperature.

Growth Conditions:

Standard *An. Stephensi* rearing methods are recommended.³

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: *Anopheles stephensi*, Strain SDA-500, Eggs, MRA-1326, contributed by Peter F. Billingsley."

Biosafety Level: 1

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. [Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories \(BMBL\)](#). 6th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2020.

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References:

1. Feldmann, A. M. and T. Ponnudurai. "Selection of *Anopheles stephensi* for Refractoriness and Susceptibility to *Plasmodium falciparum*." *Med. Vet. Entomol.* 3 (1989): 41-52. PubMed: 2519646.
2. Chida, A. R. et al. "A Near-Chromosome Level Genome Assembly of *Anopheles stephensi*." *Front. Genet.* 11 (2020): PubMed: 33312190.
3. Glick, J. I. "Illustrated Key to the Female *Anopheles* of Southwestern Asia and Egypt (Diptera: Culicidae)." *Mosq. Syst.* 24 (1992): 125-153.
4. James, E. R. et al. "Cryopreservation of *Anopheles stephensi* Embryos." *Sci. Rep.* 12 (2022): PubMed: 34997079.

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