

Product Information Sheet for HM-917

Staphylococcus epidermidis, Strain NIH04008

Catalog No. HM-917

For research use only. Not for use in humans.

Contributor:

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Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

<u>Bacteria Classification</u>: Staphylococcaeae, Staphylococcus <u>Species</u>: Staphylococcus epidermidis

Strain: NIH04008

Original Source: Staphylococcus epidermidis (S. epidermidis), strain NIH04008 was isolated in 2004 in the United States from the blood of a 62-year-old male patient with a history of peritoneal mesothelioma with subsequent exploratory laparotomy with lysis of adhesions, splenectomy, omentectomy, placement of triple lumen catheter and Tenckhoff catheter, and continuous hyperthermic peritoneal perfusion with chemotherapy drug cisplatin followed by spiking fevers five days postoperatively.^{1,2}

Comments: S. epidermidis, strain NIH04008 was deposited as positive for mec.² S. epidermidis, strain NIH04008 (HMP ID 9972) is a reference genome for The Human Microbiome Project (HMP). HMP is an initiative to identify and characterize human microbial flora. The complete genome of S. epidermidis, strain NIH04008 was sequenced at the NIH Intramural Sequencing Center (GenBank: AKHF00000000).

Note: HMP material is taxonomically classified by the depositor. Quality control of these materials is only performed to demonstrate that the material distributed by BEI Resources is identical to the deposited material.

S. epidermidis is a very hearty, Gram-positive, cluster-forming coccus that normally colonizes human skin and nostrils. It is the most common source of infection on indwelling medical devices, particularly catheters, and is now seen as an important opportunistic pathogen.³

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 0.5 mL of bacterial culture in Tryptic Soy broth supplemented with 10% glycerol.

<u>Note</u>: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

Packaging/Storage:

HM-917 was packaged aseptically in cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor

phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Growth Conditions:

Media:

Tryptic Soy broth or Brain Heart Infusion broth or equivalent Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood or Brain Heart Infusion agar or equivalent

Incubation:

Temperature: 37°C Atmosphere: Aerobic

Propagation:

- 1. Keep vial frozen until ready for use, then thaw.
- Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth
- Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an agar slant and/or plate.
- 4. Incubate the tube, slant and/or plate at 37°C for 1 day.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH as part of the Human Microbiome Project: *Staphylococcus epidermidis*, Strain NIH04008, HM-917."

Biosafety Level: 1

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories (BMBL). 6th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2020.

Disclaimers:

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References:

- Conlan, S., et al. "Staphylococcus epidermidis Pan-Genome Sequence Analysis Reveals Diversity of Skin Commensal and Hospital Infection-Associated Isolates." Genome Biol. 13 (2012): R64. PubMed: 22830599.
- 2. Segre, J. A., Personal Communication.
- Otto, M. "Staphylococcus epidermidis The 'Accidental' Pathogen." Nat. Rev. Microbiol. 7 (2009): 555-567. PubMed: 19609257.
- 4. HMP ID 9972 (S. epidermidis, strain NIH04008)

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