

Certificate of Analysis for NR-31040

Pseudomonas aeruginosa, Strain Stone No. 130

Catalog No. NR-31040

Product Description:

Pseudomonas aeruginosa (P. aeruginosa), strain Stone no. 130 was isolated in or before 1971 from a burn patient at Grady Memorial Hospital in Atlanta, Georgia, USA. NR-31040 was produced by the inoculation of BEI Resources seed lot 70002168 into Nutrient broth and incubated for 1 day at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere. Broth inoculum was added to Nutrient agar kolles, which were grown for 1 day at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere to produce this lot. Quality control testing was completed under propagation conditions unless otherwise noted.

Lot: 70061800 Manufacturing Date: 29JUN2023

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TEST	SPECIFICATIONS	RESULTS
Phenotypic Analysis		
Cellular morphology	Gram-negative rods	Gram-negative rods
Colony morphology ¹	Report results	Colony type 1: Circular, convex, undulate, smooth and cream (Figure 1)
		Colony type 2: Circular, convex, entire, smooth and cream (Figure 1)
Motility (wet mount)	Report results	Motile
VITEK® MS (MALDI-TOF)	P. aeruginosa	P. aeruginosa (99.9%)
Antibiotic Susceptibility Profile		
VITEK® (AST-GN81 Card) ²		
Ampicillin	Resistant	Resistant (≥ 32 µg/mL)
Amoxicillin/Clavulanic Acid	Resistant	Resistant (≥ 32 µg/mL)
Piperacillin/Tazobactam	Sensitive	Sensitive (≤ 4 μg/mL)
Cefazolin	Resistant	Resistant (≥ 64 µg/mL)
Cefoxitin	Resistant	Resistant (≥ 64 µg/mL)
Ceftazidime	Sensitive	Sensitive (≤ 1 µg/mL)
Ceftriaxone	Resistant	Resistant (16 µg/mL)
Cefepime	Sensitive	Sensitive (2 µg/mL)
Meropenem	Sensitive	Sensitive (1 µg/mL)
Amikacin	Sensitive	Sensitive (4 µg/mL)
Gentamicin	Resistant	Resistant (≥ 16 µg/mL)
Tobramycin	Sensitive	Sensitive (≤ 1 μg/mL)
Ciprofloxacin	Sensitive	Sensitive (≤ 0.25 μg/mL)
Levofloxacin	Sensitive	Sensitive (2 µg/mL)
Tetracycline	Resistant	Resistant (≥ 16 µg/mL)
Nitrofurantoin	Resistant	Resistant (≥ 512 µg/mL)
Trimethoprim/Sulfamethoxazole	Resistant	Resistant (≥ 320 µg/mL)
Etest® antibiotic test strips³		
Gentamicin ⁴	Resistant	Resistant (≥ 32 µg/mL)
Ofloxacin ⁴	Sensitive	Sensitive (1 µg/mL)
Rifampin ⁵	Sensitive	> 32 μg/mL
Streptomycin ⁶	Resistant	> 1024 μg/mL
Trimethoprim/Sulfamethoxazole ⁷	Resistant	> 32 μg/mL ⁸
Ceftriaxone ⁹	Resistant	6 to 8 μg/mL
Genotypic Analysis	≥ 99% sequence identity to	100% sequence identity to
Sequencing of 16S ribosomal RNA gene	P. aeruginosa, strain Stone no. 130	P. aeruginosa, strain Stone no. 130
(~ 1470 base pairs)	(GenBank: AQFN01000045.1)	(GenBank: AQFN01000045.1)

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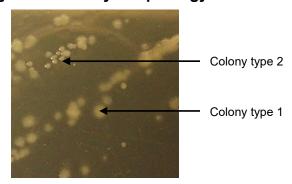


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TEST	SPECIFICATIONS	RESULTS
Purity 7 days at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere with and without 5% CO ₂ on Nutrient agar	Growth consistent with expected colony morphology	Growth consistent with expected colony morphology
Viability	Growth	Growth

¹Two colony types were observed. VITEK® MS (MALDI-TOF) analysis identified cells from both colony types as *P. aeruginosa*.

Figure 1: Colony Morphology



/Sonia Bjorum Brower/ Sonia Bjorum Brower

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Technical Manager or designee, ATCC Federal Solutions

ATCC®, on behalf of BEI Resources, hereby represents and warrants that the material provided under this certificate has been subjected to the tests and procedures specified and that the results described, along with any other data provided in this certificate, are true and accurate to the best of ATCC®'s knowledge.

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²Minimum Inhibitory Concentration (MIC); MIC interpretation was determined using VITEK[®] 2 software version 09.01 combined with the bioMérieux Advanced Expert System[™] (AES) software using the interpretation standard CLSI M100-S28 (2018) and the interpretation guideline "Natural Resistance." For more information, please refer to Sanders, C. C. et al. "Potential Impact of the VITEK 2 System and the Advanced Expert System on the Clinical Laboratory of a University-Based Hospital." <u>J. Clin. Microbiol.</u> 39 (2001): 2379-2385. PubMed: 11427542.

³1 day at 35°C in an aerobic atmosphere on Mueller Hinton agar

⁴Minimum Inhibitory Concentration (MIC); MIC interpretation guidelines CLSI M100-S28 (2018)

⁵Rifampin MIC interpretive standards are not available for *P. aeruginosa*. Strain Stone no. 130 is reported to be rifampin-sensitive and does not grow in media containing rifampin at a concentration of 100 μg/mL. For more information, please refer to Jacoby, G. A. "Properties of R plasmids Determining Gentamicin Resistance by Acetylation in *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*." <u>Antimicrob. Agents Chemother.</u> 6 (1974): 239-252. PubMed: 15830469.

⁶Streptomycin MIC interpretive standards are not available for *P. aeruginosa*. Strain Stone no. 130 contains IncP-2 plasmid pMG2, which confers resistance toward gentamicin, streptomycin and sulfonamides. Using an agar dilution method, the depositor determined that strains containing pMG2 have a MIC of 5000 μg/mL. Although strain Stone no. 130 can grow in the presence of a high level of streptomycin, BEI Resources did not confirm the presence of pMG2 by molecular methods. For more information, please refer to Jacoby, G. A. "Properties of R plasmids Determining Gentamicin Resistance by Acetylation in *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*." <u>Antimicrob. Agents Chemother.</u> 6 (1974): 239-252. PubMed: 15830469.

⁷Trimethoprim/sulfamethoxazole MIC interpretive standards are not available for *P. aeruginosa*; however most clinical isolates are resistant to trimethoprim/sulfamethoxazole. Strain Stone no. 130 contains IncP-2 plasmid pMG2, which confers resistance toward gentamicin, streptomycin and sulfonamides. Although strain Stone no. 130 can grow in the presence of a high level of trimethoprim/sulfamethoxazole, BEI Resources did not confirm the presence of pMG2 by molecular methods. For more information, please refer to Jacoby, G. A. "Properties of R plasmids Determining Gentamicin Resistance by Acetylation in *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*." <u>Antimicrob. Agents Chemother.</u> 6 (1974): 239-252. PubMed: 15830469 and Sanders, C. C. et al. "Potential Impact of the VITEK 2 System and the Advanced Expert System on the Clinical Laboratory of a University-Based Hospital." <u>J. Clin. Microbiol.</u> 39 (2001): 2379-2385. PubMed: 11427542.

⁸MIC result is based on the trimethoprim component of the test strip.

⁹Ceftriaxone MIC interpretive standards are not available for *P. aeruginosa*; however, most of the strains are resistant to ceftriaxone. For more information, please refer to Watanakunakorn, C. "*In vitro* Activity of Ceftriaxone Alone and in Combination with Gentamicin, Tobramycin, and Amikacin against *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*." <u>Antimicrob. Agents Chemother</u> 24 (1983): 305-306. PubMed: 6314890.