

**Influenza A Virus,
A/mallard/Alberta/58/1989 (H6N4)**

Catalog No. NR-45160

For research use only. Not for use in humans.

Contributor:

Richard J. Webby, Ph.D., and Robert G. Webster, Ph.D.,
Department of Infectious Diseases, St. Jude Children's
Research Hospital, Memphis, Tennessee, USA

Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

Virus Classification: *Orthomyxoviridae, Influenzavirus A*

Species: Influenza A virus

Strain/Isolate: A/mallard/Alberta/58/1989 (H6N4)

Original Source: Influenza A virus, A/mallard/Alberta/58/1989
(H6N4) was isolated from a mallard in Alberta, Canada, on
August 6, 1989.¹

Comments: Sequence information is available for influenza A
virus, A/mallard/Alberta/58/1989 (H6N4) at the [Bacterial
and Viral Bioinformatics Resource Center](#).

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 1.0 mL of pooled allantoic
fluid from specific pathogen free (SPF) embryonated chicken
eggs infected with influenza A virus,
A/mallard/Alberta/58/1989 (H6N4).

Note: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please
purify prior to initiating work.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-45160 was packaged aseptically in screw-capped plastic
cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored
at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term
storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is
recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Growth Conditions:

Host: 9- to 11-day-old SPF embryonated chicken eggs

Infection: Embryonated chicken eggs must be candled to
confirm viability prior to inoculation

Incubation: 2 days at 35°C in a humidified chamber

Effect: Hemagglutination activity using allantoic fluid from
infected embryonated chicken eggs and chicken red blood
cells

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following
reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH:
Influenza A Virus, A/mallard/Alberta/58/1989 (H6N4),
NR-45160."

Biosafety Level: 3

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this
material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following
publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services,
Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and
Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. [Biosafety in
Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories \(BMBL\)](#), 6th ed.
Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2020.

Disclaimers:

You are authorized to use this product for research use only.
It is not intended for human use.

Use of this product is subject to the terms and conditions of
the BEI Resources Material Transfer Agreement (MTA). The
MTA is available on our Web site at www.beiresources.org.

While BEI Resources uses reasonable efforts to include
accurate and up-to-date information on this product sheet,
neither ATCC® nor the U.S. Government makes any
warranties or representations as to its accuracy. Citations
from scientific literature and patents are provided for
informational purposes only. Neither ATCC® nor the U.S.
Government warrants that such information has been
confirmed to be accurate.

This product is sent with the condition that you are responsible
for its safe storage, handling, use and disposal. ATCC® and
the U.S. Government are not liable for any damages or injuries
arising from receipt and/or use of this product. While
reasonable effort is made to ensure authenticity and reliability
of materials on deposit, the U.S. Government, ATCC®, their
suppliers and contributors to BEI Resources are not liable for
damages arising from the misidentification or
misrepresentation of products.

Use Restrictions:

**This material is distributed for internal research, non-
commercial purposes only.** This material, its product or its
derivatives may not be distributed to third parties. Except as
performed under a U.S. Government contract, individuals
contemplating commercial use of the material, its products or
its derivatives must contact the contributor to determine if a
license is required. U.S. Government contractors may need a
license before first commercial sale.

Reference:

1. Bahl, J., et al. "Influenza A Virus Migration and
Persistence in North American Wild Birds." *PLoS Pathog.*
9 (2013): e1003570. PubMed: 24009503.

ATCC® is a trademark of the American Type Culture
Collection.

