

# SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

# **Product Information Sheet for NR-55596**

# Klebsiella pneumoniae, Strain MRSN 731029

# Catalog No. NR-55596

This reagent is the tangible property of the U.S. Government.

# For research use only. Not for use in humans.

## **Contributor:**

Multidrug-Resistant Organism Repository and Surveillance Network (MRSN), Bacterial Disease Branch, Walter Reed Army Institute of Research, Silver Spring, Maryland, USA

#### Manufacturer:

**BEI Resources** 

### **Product Description:**

Bacteria Classification: Enterobacteriaceae, Klebsiella

Species: Klebsiella pneumoniae

Strain: MRSN 731029

Original Source: Klebsiella pneumoniae (K. pneumoniae), strain MRSN 731029 was isolated in 2019 from a human urine sample in Asia as part of a global surveillance program.<sup>1</sup>

K. pneumoniae, strain MRSN 731029 was Comments: deposited as part of the MRSN Klebsiella pneumoniae Diversity Panel available from BEI Resources as NR-55604. NR-55596 was deposited as multi-locus sequence type (MLST) ST 37, K-locus type (KL) 15, O-locus type (OL) O4, VIR score 3 and aerobactin gene allele (iuc). MRSN 731029 was deposited as a multidrug-resistant strain (MDR), sensitive to amikacin. ceftazidime/avibactam, ertapenem, ceftolozane/tazobactam. imipenem. piperacillin/tazobactam. meropenem. tiaecvcline. tobramycin and trimethoprim/sulfamethoxazole, intermediately resistant to ciprofloxacin and levofloxacin and resistant to ampicillin/sulbactam, aztreonam, cefepime, ceftazidime, ceftriaxone, gentamicin and tetracycline. Strain MRSN 731029 is reported to have one aminoglycoside transferase gene [aac(3)-IId; conferring resistance to various aminoglycosides], three betalactamase genes (blactx-M-14, blashv-11 and blatem-1; conferring resistance to beta-lactams), one fosfomycin resistance gene (fosA\_gen; conferring resistance to fosfomycin), one quinolone resistance gene (qnrS1; conferring resistance to quinolones), one sulfonamide gene (sul1; conferring resistance to sulfonamides), one tetracycline resistance gene [tet(A); conferring resistance to tetracycline] and one dihydrofolate gene (dfrA1; conferring resistance to reductase trimethoprim). The complete genome of K. pneumoniae, strain MRSN 731029 has been sequenced (GenBank: JAGYBP000000000).

 $\it K.$  pneumoniae is a Gram-negative enterobacterium that is a major cause of nosocomial infections of the urinary and respiratory tracts. Due to the extensive spread of antibiotic-resistant strains, especially of extended-spectrum  $\beta$ -lactamase (ESBL)-producing strains, there has been renewed interest in  $\it Klebsiella$  infections.  $^{2,3,4}$ 

#### **Material Provided:**

Each vial contains approximately 0.5 mL of bacterial culture in Tryptic Soy broth supplemented with 10% glycerol.

<u>Note</u>: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

# Packaging/Storage:

NR-55596 was packaged aseptically in cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

## **Growth Conditions:**

Media:

Nutrient broth or Tryptic Soy broth or equivalent

Nutrient agar or Tryptic Soy agar or Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood or equivalent

Incubation:

Temperature: 37°C Atmosphere: Aerobic

Propagation:

- 1. Keep vial frozen until ready for use, then thaw.
- Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth.
- Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an agar slant and/or plate.
- 4. Incubate the tube, slant and/or plate at 37°C for 1 day.

#### Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: *Klebsiella pneumoniae*, Strain MRSN 731029, NR-55596. This strain is part of the *Klebsiella pneumoniae* Diversity Panel provided by the Multidrug-Resistant Organism Repository and Surveillance Network (MRSN) at the Walter Reed Army Institute of Research (WRAIR)."

## Biosafety Level: 2

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 6th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2020; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm.

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#### References:

- 1. McGann, P., Personal Communication.
- Lascols, C., et al. "Increasing Prevalence and Dissemination of NDM-1 Metallo-β-Lactamase in India: Data from the SMART Study (2009)." <u>J. Antimicrob.</u> <u>Chemother.</u> 66 (2011): 1992-1997. PubMed: 21676902.
- 3. Ramirez, M. S., et al. "Multidrug-Resistant (MDR) *Klebsiella pneumoniae* Clinical Isolates: A Zone of High Heterogeneity (HHZ) as a Tool for Epidemiological Studies." Clin. Microbiol. Infect. 18 (2012): E254-E258. PubMed: 22551038.
- Podschun, R. and U. Ullmann. "Klebsiella spp. as Nosocomial Pathogens: Epidemiology, Taxonomy, Typing Methods, and Pathogenicity Factors." Clin. Microbiol. Rev. 11 (1998): 589-603. PubMed: 9767057.

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