

# **Product Information Sheet for NR-44073**

### Babesia microti, Lab Strain 1

## Catalog No. NR-44073

## For research use only. Not for use in humans.

### Contributor:

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### Manufacturer:

**BEI Resources** 

### **Product Description:**

Protozoa Classification: Apicomplexa, Babesia

Species: Babesia microti

<u>Strain</u>: Lab Strain 1 (also referred to as Greenwich Yale lab strain 1)<sup>1</sup>

Original Source: Babesia microti (B. microti), Lab Strain 1 was originally isolated in 2004 from blood obtained from a mouse

in Greenwich, Connecticut, USA.<sup>2</sup>

<u>Comment</u>: The complete genome sequence of *B. microti*, Lab

Strain 1 has been sequenced (GenBank: JGUW00000000).

Babesia species are intraerythrocytic protozoan parasites of the phylum *Apicomplexa* that are the causal agents of babesiosis, which is transmitted to both humans and mammals by infected ixodid ticks.<sup>3</sup> Infection with *Babesia* species is usually asymptomatic or can result in mild flu-like symptoms that subside within a few days. Severe cases featuring acute anemia, thrombocytopenia, organ failure, or even death may occur among the elderly, splenectomized and immunocompromised individuals.<sup>3</sup>

In the United States, *B. microti* is the most commonly identified etiologic agent of human babesiosis and is regionally endemic to the Northeastern and Upper Midwestern states, with transmission occurring via the *Ixodes scapularis* vector.<sup>3</sup>

### **Material Provided:**

Each vial of NR-44073 contains approximately 0.5 mL of *B. microti*-infected mouse blood in Alsever's solution containing 10% glycerol. Please see Appendix I for cryopreservation instructions and component details.

### Packaging/Storage:

NR-44073 was packaged aseptically in cryovials and is provided frozen on dry ice. The product should be stored at -130°C or colder, preferably in the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer. If liquid nitrogen storage facilities are not available, frozen cryovials may be stored at -70°C or colder for approximately one week.

Note: Do not under any circumstances store vials at temperatures warmer than -70°C. Storage under these conditions will result in the death of the culture.

To ensure the highest level of viability, the culture should be initiated immediately upon receipt. Any warming of the

product during shipping and transfer must be avoided, as this will adversely affect the viability of the product. For transfer between freezers and for shipping, the product may be placed on dry ice for brief periods, although use of a portable liquid nitrogen carrier is preferred. Please read the following recommendations prior to using this material.

### **Growth Conditions:**

In vivo, SCID mouse

### Inoculation:

- On the day of inoculation, thaw a frozen ampule of NR-44073 in a 35°C to 37°C water bath for approximately 2 to 3 minutes.
- 2. Remove the contents of the ampule using a 1 mL syringe equipped with a needle.
- 3. Inject the entire contents of the vial intraperitoneally into the mouse.
- 4. Monitor the infection at 2 to 3-day intervals by microscopic examination of blood films stained with Giemsa solution.

### Assessment of infection:

- Count the number of infected red blood cells (RBC) versus the total number of red blood cells under oil immersion and determine the % parasitemia:
   % parasitemia = (Infected RBC/Total RBC) × 100
   Note: A minimum of 500 red blood cells should be counted.
- 2. When the level of parasitemia is ≥ 10%, the organism should be passaged. This will normally occur 1 to 2 weeks post-inoculation, but the rate of infection may vary. Note: The level of parasitemia before the host succumbs is dependent on the strain that is used. Monitoring on a periodic basis will alert the experimenter when the strain should be passaged.

### Passaging:

- Anesthetize the first infected mouse and collect blood by facility-approved methods. Collect the blood using an anticoagulant such as Yaeger's anticoagulant solution (Appendix I) or EDTA.
- Dilute the blood 1:5 or 1:10 in Alsever's solution (Appendix I) and inject 0.5 mL of the infected blood suspension into each new mouse.
- Monitor parasitemia as described above and passage as needed.

Please refer to Appendix I for cryopreservation instructions.

#### Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: *Babesia microti*, Lab Strain 1, NR-44073."

## Biosafety Level: 2

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories (BMBL). 6th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2020.

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### References:

- Ben Mamoun, C., P. J. Krause and J. C. Silver. "Genetic Variability in *Babesia microti*, the Causative Agent of Human Babesiosis, an Emerging Infectious Disease in the United States." (2012)
- 2. Ben Mamoun, C., Personal Communication.
- Leiby, D. A. "Transfusion-Transmitted Babesia spp.: Bull's-Eye on Babesia microti." <u>Clin. Microbiol. Rev.</u> 24 (2011): 14-28. PubMed: 21233506.
- Uilenberg, G. "Babesia A Historical Overview." <u>Vet. Parasitol.</u> 138 (2006): 3-10. PubMed: 16513280.
- Vannier, E. and P. J. Krause. "Human Babesiosis." <u>N. Engl. J. Med.</u> 366 (2012): 2397-2407. PubMed: 22716978.
- Anderson, J. F. and L. A. Magnarelli. "Babesiosis in Fairfield County, Connecticut." <u>Emerg. Infect. Dis.</u> 10 (2004): 545-546. PubMed: 15116708.

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### APPENDIX I: CRYOPRESERVATION

- 1. Prepare a 30% (v/v) sterile glycerol solution in Alsever's solution (see below).
- 2. Dispense 0.5 mL of anticoagulant solution into a 15 mL test tube. Add to the anticoagulant blood collected by a facility-approved method from mice that had reached or are near peak parasitemia. Invert the tube several times to mix the blood with the anticoagulant.
- 3. In a separate test tube, add the heparinized blood dropwise to the 30% glycerol solution. Note that blood should be mixed with glycerol solution in a 2:1 ratio to obtain a final concentration of cryoprotectant of 10% (v/v). Mix slowly by inversion and place the tube on ice. The freezing process should start 15 to 30 minutes following the addition of the heparinized blood to the cryoprotectant solution.
- 4. Dispense 0.5 mL aliquots of blood suspension into 1 mL to 2 mL sterile plastic screw-capped cryovials. Place the vials in a controlled rate freezing unit. From room temperature cool the vials at -1°C/min to -40°C. If the freezing unit can compensate for the heat of fusion, maintain rate at -1°C/min through this phase. At -40°C, plunge vials into liquid nitrogen. Alternatively, place the vials in a Nalgene 1°C freezing container. Place the container at -80°C for 1.5 to 2 hours and then plunge vials into liquid nitrogen.
- 5. To thaw a frozen ampule, place in a 35°C to 37°C water bath, until thawed (2 to 3 min). Immerse the ampule just sufficient to cover the frozen material. Do not agitate the ampule.
- 6. Immediately after thawing, remove the contents of the ampule aseptically with a syringe and inoculate a SCID mouse. Follow the protocol for *in vivo* propagation in the Growth Conditions section of the Product Information Sheet.

### Alsever's Solution1

Sodium chloride 4.2 g Trisodium citrate dihydrate (Na $_3$ citrate • 2H2O) 8 g Glucose 20.5 g Glass-distilled H $_2$ O to 1 L

Dissolve components in glass distilled H<sub>2</sub>O, adjust the pH to 6.1 with 10% (w/v) citric acid and filter sterilize.

<sup>1</sup>This solution can be obtained from Sigma-Aldrich® (catalog number A3551).

### Yaeger's Anticoagulant Solution

Sodium citrate	1.33 g
Citric acid	0.47 g
Dextrose	3 g
Sodium heparin	0.2 g
Distilled H <sub>2</sub> O to	100 mL

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