SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

Actinomyces graevenitzii, Strain C83

Catalog No. HM-236

For research use only. Not for use in humans.

Contributor:

Michael G. Surette, Professor, Department of Microbiology and Infectious Diseases, University of Calgary, Alberta, Canada

Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

Bacteria Classification: Actinomycetaceae, Actinomyces Species: Actinomyces graevenitzii Strain: C83

- <u>Original Source</u>: Actinomyces graevenitzii (A. graevenitzii), strain C83 was isolated in February 2006 from expectorated sputum from a 31-year-old male patient with cystic fibrosis.^{1,2}
- <u>Comments</u>: A. graevenitzii, strain C83 (<u>HMP ID 0045</u>) is a reference genome for <u>The Human Microbiome Project</u> (HMP). HMP is an initiative to identify and characterize human microbial flora. The complete genome of *A. graevenitzii*, strain C83 was sequenced at the <u>Broad</u> <u>Institute</u> (GenBank: <u>ACRN00000000</u>).
- <u>Note</u>: HMP material is taxonomically classified by the depositor. Quality control of these materials is only performed to demonstrate that the material distributed by BEI Resources is identical to the deposited material.

A. graevenitzii is a Gram-positive, facultatively anaerobic, rodshaped bacterium isolated almost exclusively from oral and respiratory sites.³ Although little is known about its pathogenic potential, there are rare cases which demonstrate the potential for *A. graevenitzii* to cause invasive disease.^{4,5}

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 0.5 mL of bacterial culture in *Actinomyces* broth supplemented with 10% glycerol.

<u>Note</u>: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

Packaging/Storage:

HM-236 was packaged aseptically in cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Growth Conditions:

Media:

Actinomyces broth or equivalent

Tryptic Soy Agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood or equivalent

BEI Resources www.beiresources.org Incubation:

Temperature: 37°C Atmosphere: Aerobic with 5% CO₂ Propagation:

- 1. Keep vial frozen until ready for use, then thaw.
- 2. Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of
- broth.3. Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an agar slant and/or plate.
- 4. Incubate the tube, slant and/or plate at 37°C for 1 to 2 days.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH as part of the Human Microbiome Project: *Actinomyces graevenitzii*, Strain C83, HM-236."

Biosafety Level: 2

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories (BMBL). Current Edition. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office.

Disclaimers:

You are authorized to use this product for research use only. It is not intended for human use.

Use of this product is subject to the terms and conditions of the BEI Resources Material Transfer Agreement (MTA). The MTA is available on our Web site at <u>www.beiresources.org</u>.

While BEI Resources uses reasonable efforts to include accurate and up-to-date information on this product sheet, neither ATCC[®] nor the U.S. Government makes any warranties or representations as to its accuracy. Citations from scientific literature and patents are provided for informational purposes only. Neither ATCC[®] nor the U.S. Government warrants that such information has been confirmed to be accurate.

This product is sent with the condition that you are responsible for its safe storage, handling, use and disposal. ATCC[®] and the U.S. Government are not liable for any damages or injuries arising from receipt and/or use of this product. While reasonable effort is made to ensure authenticity and reliability of materials on deposit, the U.S. Government, ATCC[®], their suppliers and contributors to BEI Resources are not liable for damages arising from the misidentification or misrepresentation of products.

Use Restrictions:

This material is distributed for internal research, non-commercial purposes only. This material, its product or its derivatives may not be distributed to third parties. Except as performed under a U.S. Government contract, individuals contemplating commercial use of the material, its products or biei resources

SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

its derivatives must contact the contributor to determine if a license is required. U.S. Government contractors may need a license before first commercial sale.

References:

- 1. Surette, M.G., Personal Communication.
- 2. <u>HMP ID 0045</u> (Actinomyces graevenitzii, strain C83)
- Ramos, C. P., et al. "Actinomyces graevenitzii sp. nov., Isolated from Human Clinical Specimens." Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol. 47 (1997): 885-888. PubMed: 9226924.
- Hwang, S. S., et al. "Actinomyces graevenitzii Bacteremia in a Patient with Alcoholic Liver Cirrhosis." <u>Anaerobe</u> 17 (2011): 87-89. PubMed: 21421069.
- Hall, V. "Actinomyces–Gathering Evidence of Human Colonization and Infection." <u>Anaerobe</u> 14 (2008): 1-7. PubMed: 18222714.
- Smith, A. J., et al. "Antimicrobial Susceptibility Testing of Actinomyces Species with 12 Antimicrobial Agents." J. Antimicrob. Chemother. 56 (2005): 407-409. PubMed: 15972310.

 ATCC^{\otimes} is a trademark of the American Type Culture Collection.

