

Product Information Sheet for NR-44125

Streptococcus agalactiae, Strain SGBS001

Catalog No. NR-44125

For research use only. Not for use in humans.

Contributor:

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Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

<u>Bacteria Classification</u>: Streptococcaeae, Streptococcus <u>Species</u>: Streptococcus agalactiae (also referred to as Streptococcus difficile)¹

<u>Serogroup</u>: Group B² <u>Strain</u>: SGBS001

<u>Original Source</u>: Streptococcus agalactiae (S. agalactiae), strain SGBS001 was isolated in 1993 from the blood of a bacteremia patient in Harris County, Texas, USA.²

<u>Comments</u>: The complete genome of *S. agalactiae*, strain SGBS001 has been sequenced (GenBank: AUVQ00000000).

S. agalactiae is a Gram-positive cocci characterized by the presence of Group B Lancefield antigen, and is known as Group B Streptococcus (GBS). GBS causes illness in people of all ages. In newborns, GBS most commonly causes sepsis (infection of the blood), pneumonia (infection in the lungs), and sometimes meningitis (infection of the fluid and lining around the brain). The most common problems caused by GBS in adults are bloodstream infections, pneumonia, skin and soft-tissue infections, and bone and joint infections. In addition to the presence of the Group B Lancefield antigen, GBS is also characterized by its ability to hydrolyze sodium hippurate and S. to bile. agalactiae's polysaccharide antiphagocytic capsule is its main virulence factor.³ Genomes from multiple serotypes have been sequenced for comparative analyses.4

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 0.5 mL of bacterial culture in Tryptic Soy broth with 10% glycerol.

<u>Note</u>: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-44125 was packaged aseptically in cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -80°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freezethaw cycles should be avoided.

Growth Conditions:

Media:

Tryptic Soy broth or Todd-Hewitt broth or equivalent

Tryptic Soy agar or Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood or Todd-Hewitt agar or equivalent

Incubation:

Temperature: 37°C

Atmosphere: Aerobic with 5% CO₂

Propagation:

- 1. Keep vial frozen until ready for use, then thaw.
- Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth
- Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an agar slant and/or plate.
- 4. Incubate the tube, slant and/or plate at 37°C for 1 day.

Note: Streptococcus species are generally fast growers. To avoid overgrowth of the culture, incubation without shaking is recommended for growth in broth.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: Streptococcus agalactiae, Strain SGBS001, NR-44125."

Biosafety Level: 2

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories (BMBL). Current Edition. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office.

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References:

- Kawamura, Y., et al. "High Genetic Similarity of Streptococcus agalactiae and Streptococcus difficilis: S. difficilis Eldar et al. 1995 Is Later Synonym of S. agalactiae Lehmann and Neumann 1896 (Approved Lists 1980)." Int. J. Syst. Evol. Microbiol. 55 (2005): 961-965. PubMed: 15774692.
- 2. Baker, C. J., Personal Communication.
- Smith, J. P., K. K. Durfee and J. H. Marymount Jr. "A Review of Laboratory Methods for Identification of Group B Streptococci (Streptococcus agalactiae)." <u>Am. J. Med.</u> Technol. 45 (1979): 199-204. PubMed: 371403.
- Tettelin, H., et al. "Genome Analysis of Multiple Pathogenic Isolates of Streptococcus agalactiae: Implications for Microbial "Pan-Genome"." Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 102 (2005): 13950-13955. PubMed: 16172379.

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