SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

Kilbourne F130: A/New Jersey/11/1976 (HA, NA) x A/Puerto Rico/8/1934 (H1N1), Large Plaque, Reassortant/Mutant X-53 (CL) – Lp

Catalog No. NR-3615

Product Description: Pooled allantoic fluid from specific pathogen free (SPF) embryonated chicken eggs infected with reassortant/mutant influenza A virus, A/New Jersey/11/1976 (HA, NA) x A/Puerto Rico/8/1934 (H1N1), Large Plaque

Lot^{2,3}: 61982335

Manufacturing Date: 12SEP2013

TEST	SPECIFICATIONS	RESULTS
Identification by Infectivity Using Embryonated Chicken Eggs ¹ Hemagglutination activity using allantoic fluid from infected eggs and 0.5% chicken red blood cells	Positive	Positive
Sequencing of Hemagglutinin and Matrix Coding Regions Hemagglutinin (448 nucleotides) Matrix (916 nucleotides)	Consistent with A/New Jersey/11/1976 (H1N1) Consistent with A/Puerto Rico/8/1934 (H1N1)	99% Identity with A/New Jersey/11/1976 (H1N1) (Gen Bank: CY044365) 100% identity with A/Puerto Rico/8/1934 (H1N1) (GenBank: CY033578)
Titer by CEID ₅₀ Assay ^{4,5} in Embryonated Chicken Eggs ¹	Report results	$2.8 \times 10^8 \text{ CEID}_{50} \text{ per mL}$
Sterility (21-day incubation) Harpo's HTYE broth ⁶ , 37°C and 26°C, aerobic Trypticase soy broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic Sabouraud broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic Blood agar, 37°C, aerobic Blood agar, 37°C, anaerobic Thioglycollate broth, 37°C, anaerobic DMEM with 10% FBS, 37°C and 5% CO ₂	No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth	No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth
Mycoplasma Contamination Agar and broth culture (14-day incubation at 37°C) DNA detection by PCR of extracted Test Article nucleic acid	None detected None detected	None detected None detected

¹10-day-old SPF Embryonated Chicken Eggs acquired from B&E Eggs, York Springs, Pennsylvania

²Derived from NIAID Catalog No. V-331-0E5495

³Grown in the allantoic cavity of embryonated chicken eggs¹ for 2 days at 35°C in a humidified chamber

⁴The Chicken Embryo Infectious Dose 50% (CEID₅₀) is the dilution of virus that under the conditions of the assay can be expected to infect 50% of the inoculated embryonated chicken eggs, just as a Lethal Dose 50% (LD₅₀) is expected to kill half of the animals exposed. A reciprocal of the dilution required to yield the CEID₅₀ provides a measure of the infectious titer (or infectivity) of a virus preparation.

⁵2 days at 35°C in a humidified chamber

⁶Atlas, Ronald M. <u>Handbook of Microbiological Media</u>. 3rd ed. Ed. Lawrence C. Parks. Boca Raton: CRC Press. 2004. p. 798.

Date: 22 NOV 2013

Signature: Milla 'Om

Title:

Technical Manager, BEI Authentication or designee

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