

Kilbourne F20: A/swine/Nevada/101/1982 (H1N1) Mutant, Low (L) Yield, Animal Isolate

Catalog No. NR-3677

Product Description: Pooled allantoic fluid from specific-pathogen free (SPF) embryonated chicken eggs¹ infected with a low (L) yield mutant of influenza A virus, A/swine/Nevada/101/1982 (H1N1)

Lot^{2,3}: 61982337

Manufacturing Date: 12SEP2013

TEST	SPECIFICATIONS	RESULTS
Identification by Infectivity Using Embryonated Chicken Eggs¹ Hemagglutination activity using allantoic fluid from infected eggs and 0.5% chicken red blood cells	Positive	Positive
Sequencing of Hemagglutinin and Matrix Coding Regions⁴ Hemagglutinin (448 nucleotides) Matrix (598 nucleotides)	Consistent with swine H1N1 influenza A virus Consistent with swine H1N1 influenza A virus	Consistent with swine H1N1 influenza A virus Consistent with swine H1N1 influenza A virus
Titer by CEID₅₀ Assay^{5,6} in Embryonated Chicken Eggs¹	Report results	2.8 × 10 ⁸ CEID ₅₀ per mL
Sterility (21-day incubation) Harpo's HTYE broth ⁷ , 37°C and 26°C, aerobic Trypticase soy broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic Sabouraud broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic Blood agar, 37°C, aerobic Blood agar, 37°C, anaerobic Thioglycollate broth, 37°C, anaerobic DMEM with 10% FBS, 37°C and 5% CO ₂	No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth	No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth
Mycoplasma Contamination Agar and broth culture (14-day incubation at 37°C) DNA detection by PCR of extracted Test Article nucleic acid	None detected None detected	None detected None detected

¹10-day-old SPF Embryonated Chicken Eggs acquired from B&E Eggs, York Springs, Pennsylvania

²Derived from NIAID Catalog No. V-331-0E5565

³Grown in the allantoic cavity of embryonated chicken eggs¹ for 2 days at 35°C in a humidified chamber

⁴There is no sequence data for influenza A/swine/Nevada/101/1982 (H1N1) in the NCBI database; the sequences obtained for NR-3677 are consistent with those of H1N1 influenza viruses isolated from swine in North America in the late 1970s and early 1980s.

⁵The Chicken Embryo Infectious Dose 50% (CEID₅₀) is the dilution of virus that under the conditions of the assay can be expected to infect 50% of the inoculated embryonated chicken eggs, just as a Lethal Dose 50% (LD₅₀) is expected to kill half of the animals exposed. A reciprocal of the dilution required to yield the CEID₅₀ provides a measure of the infectious titer (or infectivity) of a virus preparation.

⁶2 days at 35°C in a humidified chamber

⁷Atlas, Ronald M. *Handbook of Microbiological Media*. 3rd ed. Ed. Lawrence C. Parks. Boca Raton: CRC Press, 2004, p. 798.

Date: 04 DEC 2013

Signature:



Title:

Technical Manager, BEI Authentication or designee

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