SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

## Influenza A Virus, A/swine/Ohio/09SW73E/2009 (H3N2)

## Catalog No. NR-36705

**Product Description:** Pooled allantoic fluid from specific pathogen free (SPF) embryonated chicken eggs<sup>1</sup> infected with influenza A virus, A/swine/Ohio/09SW73E/2009 (H3N2)

## Lot<sup>2</sup>: 62712961

## Manufacturing Date: 04DEC2014

TEST	SPECIFICATIONS	RESULTS
Identification by Infectivity Using Embryonated Chicken Eggs <sup>1</sup> Hemagglutination activity using allantoic fluid from infected eggs and 0.5% chicken red blood cells	Positive	Positive
Sequencing of Hemagglutinin and Matrix Coding Regions Hemagglutinin (665 nucleotides) Matrix (966 nucleotides)	Consistent with A/swine/ Ohio/09SW73E/2009 (H3N2) Consistent with A/swine/ Ohio/09SW73E/2009 (H3N2)	99% identity with A/swine/ Ohio/09SW73E/2009 (H3N2) (GenBank: CY130677) 99% identity with A/swine/ Ohio/09SW73E/2009 (H3N2) (GenBank: CY130678)
Titer by CEID <sub>50</sub> Assay <sup>3,4</sup> in Embryonated Chicken Eggs <sup>1</sup>	Report results	$2.8  imes 10^8$ CEID <sub>50</sub> per mL
Sterility (21-day incubation) Harpo's HTYE broth <sup>5</sup> , 37°C and 26°C, aerobic Trypticase soy broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic Sabouraud broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic Blood agar, 37°C, aerobic Blood agar, 37°C, anaerobic Thioglycollate broth, 37°C, anaerobic DMEM with 10% FBS, 37°C and 5% CO <sub>2</sub>	No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth	No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth
Mycoplasma Contamination Agar and broth culture (14-day incubation at 37°C) DNA detection by PCR of extracted Test Article nucleic acid	None detected None detected	None detected None detected

<sup>1</sup>9- to 11-day-old SPF Embryonated Chicken Eggs acquired from B&E Eggs, York Springs, Pennsylvania

<sup>2</sup>Grown in the allantoic cavity of embryonated chicken eggs<sup>1</sup> for 2 days at 37°C in a humidified chamber

<sup>3</sup>The Chicken Embryo Infectious Dose 50% (CEID<sub>50</sub>) is the dilution of virus that under the conditions of the assay can be expected to infect 50% of the inoculated embryonated chicken eggs, just as a Lethal Dose 50% (LD<sub>50</sub>) is expected to kill half of the animals exposed. A reciprocal of the dilution required to yield the CEID<sub>50</sub> provides a measure of the infectious titer (or infectivity) of a virus preparation.
<sup>4</sup>2 days at 37°C in a humidified chamber

<sup>5</sup>Atlas, Ronald M. <u>Handbook of Microbiological Media</u>. 3rd ed. Ed. Lawrence C. Parks. Boca Raton: CRC Press. 2004. p. 798.

Date: 11 MAY 2015

Signature:

**BEI Resources Authentication** 

ATCC<sup>®</sup>, on behalf of BEI Resources, hereby represents and warrants that the material provided under this certificate has been subjected to the tests and procedures specified and that the results described, along with any other data provided in this certificate, are true and accurate to the best of ATCC<sup>®</sup>'s knowledge.

ATCC<sup>®</sup> is a trademark of the American Type Culture Collection. You are authorized to use this product for research use only. It is not intended for human use.



E-mail: <u>contact@beiresources.org</u> Tel: 800-359-7370 Fax: 703-365-2898

BEI Resources www.beiresources.org