

# **Certificate of Analysis for MRA-1275**

## Plasmodium falciparum, Strain HOX

## Catalog No. MRA-1275

**Product Description:** Plasmodium falciparum (P. falciparum), strain HOX (High OXygen) is a derivative of the NF54 strain that was gradually adapted to proliferate in high oxygen conditions (standard tissue culture) of 5% CO<sub>2</sub> in air at 37°C. The parent P. falciparum, strain NF54 (available as BEI Resources MRA-1000) was isolated from a patient living near Schipol Airport, Amsterdam, who had never left the Netherlands.

Lot<sup>1</sup>: 63802106 Manufacturing Date: 25NOV2015

TEST	SPECIFICATIONS	RESULTS		
Identification by Giemsa Stain Microscopy <sup>2</sup>	Blood-stage parasites present	Blood-stage parasites present		
Antimalarial Susceptibility Profile (in vitro) Half-maximal Inhibitory Concentration (IC50) by SYBR green I® drug sensitivity assay <sup>3</sup>				
Chloroquine	Report results	8.5 ± 0.4 nM		
Artemisinin	Report results	26.4 ± 1.8 nM		
Quinine	Report results	38.2 ± 0.9 nM		
Cycloguanil	Report results	5.7 ± 0.3 nM		
Pyrimethamine	Report results	29.1 ± 0.7 nM		
Sulfadoxine	Report results	469900 ± 21647 nM		
Genotypic Analysis Sequencing of Merozoite Surface Protein 2 (MSP2) gene (~ 770 base pairs)	≥ 99% sequence identity to <i>P. falciparum</i> , strain NF54  (GenBank: AMYQ01000292.1)	100% sequence identity to P. falciparum, strain NF54 (GenBank: AMYQ01000292.1) (Figure 1)		
MSP2 PCR amplicon analysis <sup>4</sup>	~ 600-900 base pair amplicon	~ 900 base pair amplicon		
Level of Parasitemia				
Pre-freeze <sup>5</sup>	Report results	5.19%		
Post-freeze <sup>6</sup>	> 1%	2.06%		
Viability (post-freeze) <sup>7</sup>	Growth in infected red blood cells	Growth in infected red blood cells		
Sterility (21-day incubation)				
Harpo's HTYE broth <sup>8</sup> , 37°C and 26°C, aerobic	No growth	No growth		
Tryptic Soy broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic	No growth	No growth		
Sabouraud Dextrose broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic	No growth	No growth		
DMEM with 10% FBS, 37°C, aerobic	No growth	No growth		
Sheep Blood agar, 37°C, aerobic	No growth	No growth		
Sheep Blood agar, 37°C, anaerobic	No growth	No growth		
Thioglycollate broth, 37°C, anaerobic	No growth	No growth		
Mycoplasma Contamination				
DNA Detection by PCR	None detected	None detected		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>MRA-1275 was produced by cultivation of the deposited material in fresh human erythrocytes suspended in RPMI 1640 medium without phenol red, adjusted to contain 0.5% Albumax (Gibco<sup>®</sup> 11021-037), 25 mM HEPES, 27 mM NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and 4.4 μM hypoxanthine. The culture was incubated at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere with 5% CO<sub>2</sub> and monitored for parasitemia daily for 5 days. Every 1 to 3 days, uninfected, leukocyte filtered, Type O erythrocytes in complete culture medium were added dropwise to the culture to maintain 1-2% hematocrit.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Blood-stage malaria parasites (rings, trophozoites, schizonts +/- gametocytes) were examined by microscopic Giemsa-stained blood smears of an *in vitro* human blood culture over 4 days.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>A SYBR Green I<sup>®</sup> anti-malarial drug sensitivity assay in 96-well plates was used to determine IC<sub>50</sub> values of an active (> 70% ring stage) parasite culture in the presence of each antimalarial drug [Hartwig, C. L., et al. "XI: I. SYBR Green I<sup>®</sup>-Based Parasite Growth Inhibition Assay for



SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

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Measurement of Antimalarial Drug Susceptibility in Plasmodium falciparum." In Methods in Malaria Research Sixth Edition. (2013) Moll, K., et al. (Ed.), EVIMalaR, pp. 122-129. Available at: https://www.mr4.org/Publications/MethodsinMalariaResearch.aspx].

### Figure 1: MRA-1275 MSP2 Sequence

TTTTGTTACC	TTTAATATTA	AAAATGAAAG	TAAATATAGC	AACACATTCA	TAAACAATGC	TTATAATATG	AGTATAAGGA	
GAAGTATGGC	AGAAAGTAAG	CCTTCTACTG	GTGCTGGTGG	TAGTGCTGGT	GGTAGTGCTG	GTGGTAGTGC	TGGTGGTAGT	
GCTGGTGGTA	GTGCTGGTGG	TAGTGCTGGT	TCTGGTGATG	GTAATGGTGC	AGATGCTGAG	GGAAGTTCAA	GTACTCCCGC	
TACTACCACA	ACTACCAAAA	CTACCACAAC	TACCACAACT	ACTAATGATG	CAGAAGCATC	TACCAGTACC	TCTTCAGAAA	
ATCCAAATCA	TAAAAATGCC	GAAACAAATC	CAAAAGGTAA	AGGAGAAGTT	CAAGAACCAA	ATCAAGCAAA	TAAAGAAACT	
CAAAATAACT	CAAATGTTCA	ACAAGACTCT	CAAACTAAAT	CAAATGTTCC	ACCCACTCAA	GATGCAGACA	CTAAAAGTCC	
TACTGCACAA	CCTGAACAAG	CTGAAAATTC	TGCTCCAACA	GCCGAACAAA	CTGAATCCCC	CGAATTACAA	TCTGCACCAG	
AGAATAAAGG	TACAGGACAA	CATGGACATA	TGCATGGTTC	TAGAAATAAT	CATCCACAAA	ATACTTCTGA	TAGTCAAAAA	
GAATGTACCG	ATGGTAACAA	AGAAAACTGT	GGAGCAGCAA	CATCCCTCTT	AAATAACTCT	AGTAATATTG	CTTCAATAAA	
TAAATTTGTT	GTTTTAATTT	CAGCAACACT	ТСТТТАТСТ	TTTGC				

Signature:

**Date: 19 JUL 2016** 

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Primer sequences and conditions for PCR are available upon request.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Pre-freeze parasitemia was determined after 5 days post infection by microscopic counts of Giemsa-stained blood smears.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Post-freeze parasitemia was determined after 4 days post infection by microscopic counts of Giemsa-stained blood smears.

Viability was confirmed by examination of infected erythrocytes for parasitemia at 4 days post infection.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Atlas, Ronald M. Handbook of Microbiological Media. 3rd ed. Ed. Lawrence C. Parks. Boca Raton: CRC Press, 2004, p. 798.