

Certificate of Analysis for HM-1240

Bacteroidales bacterium, Strain KA00251

Catalog No. HM-1240

Product Description: Bacteroidales bacterium, strain KA00251 was isolated in 2012 from vaginal fluid collected from a woman that tested positive for bacterial vaginosis in the United States.

Lot^{1,2}: 64362274 Manufacturing Date: 23JUN2016

TEST	SPECIFICATIONS	RESULTS
Phenotypic Analysis Cellular morphology Colony morphology ³ Motility (wet-mount)	Gram-negative rods Report results Report results	Gram-negative rods Punctiform Non-motile
Genotypic Analysis Sequencing of 16S ribosomal RNA gene (~ 1410 base pairs)	≥ 99% sequence identity to Bacteroidales bacterium, strain KA00251 (GenBank: LSCS01000002)	≥ 99% sequence identity to *Bacteroidales bacterium, strain KA00251 (GenBank: LSCS01000002)
Purity (post-freeze) Anaerobic growth ⁴ Aerobic growth ⁵	Consistent with expected colony morphology No growth	Consistent with expected colony morphology Growth ⁶
Viability (post-freeze) ³	Growth	Growth

¹Quality control of HMP material is only performed to demonstrate that the material distributed by BEI Resources is identical to the deposited material. It should not be considered a complete characterization of the deposited organism.

Date: 25 OCT 2016 Signature:

BEI Resources Authentication

ATCC®, on behalf of BEI Resources, hereby represents and warrants that the material provided under this certificate has been subjected to the tests and procedures specified and that the results described, along with any other data provided in this certificate, are true and accurate to the best of ATCC®'s knowledge.

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²Bacteroidales bacterium, strain KA00251 was deposited by David N. Fredricks, M.Ď., Principal Investigator, Vaccine and Infectious Diseases Division, Fred Hutchinson Cancer Research Center, Seattle, Washington, USA. HM-1240 was produced by inoculation of the deposited material into Modified Reinforced Clostridial broth and incubated for 2 days at 37°C in an anaerobic atmosphere (< 5% O₂; Remel™ Pack-Anaero™). The material from the initial growth was passaged once in Modified Reinforced Clostridial broth for 1 day at 37°C in an anaerobic atmosphere to produce this lot.

³2 days at 37°C in an anaerobic atmosphere on Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood

⁴Purity of this lot was assessed for 7 days at 37°C in an anaerobic atmosphere on Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood.

⁵Purity of this lot was assessed for 7 days at 37°C in an aerobic atmosphere with 5% CO₂ on Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood.

⁶After 7 days of incubation, a light film of growth was observed. Analysis of the cellular and colony morphology found cells from this growth to be consistent with cells from the anaerobic growth, suggesting that this organism is a facultative anaerobe.