

***Escherichia coli*, Strain DH5αpir**

**Catalog No. NR-50350**

**For research use only. Not for human use.**

**Contributor:**

Jeffrey L. Bose, Assistant Professor, Departments of Microbiology, Molecular Genetics and Immunology, University of Kansas Medical Center, Kansas City, Kansas, USA and Eric V. Stabb, Associate Head, Department of Microbiology, Franklin College of Arts and Sciences, University of Georgia, Athens, Georgia, USA

**Manufacturer:**

BEI Resources

**Product Description:**

*Escherichia coli* (*E. coli*), strain DH5αpir contains the *pir* genes which allow genetic manipulations of vectors prior to transfer into *Staphylococcus* species. Strain DH5αpir has genotype F-Φ80*dlacZ* Δ*M15* Δ*lacZYA-argF* *U169* *deoR* *supE44* *hsdR17* *recA1* *endA1* *gyrA96* *thi-1* *relA1*.<sup>1,2</sup>

*E. coli* strains DH5αpir and GM2163λpir were deposited in conjunction with vectors pKK22 with pKK30 and the complete set is available as BEI Resources NR-50352 (see Table 1 below for details). pKK22 and pKK30 were created to maintain stability in *E. coli* and *Staphylococcus* species without antibiotic selection during *in vitro* and *in vivo* experiments. The *E. coli* R6Ky origin of replication of both vectors requires *pir+* for replication which is provided in either DH5αpir or GM2163λpir *E. coli* strains.<sup>3</sup>

**Table 1: *E. coli* – *Staphylococcus* Vectors and Hosts**

Catalog Number	Vector or Host	Comments
NR-50348	pKK22	For use in <i>E. coli</i> DH5αpir or GM2163λpir or <i>Staphylococcus</i> USA300 strains containing LAC-p01 <sup>2</sup>
NR-50349	pKK30	pKK30 is a variant of pKK22, for use in <i>E. coli</i> DH5αpir or GM2163λpir or <i>Staphylococcus</i> species not containing LAC-p01 <sup>2</sup>
NR-50350	<i>E. coli</i> DH5αpir	Host strain containing the <i>pir</i> genes for performing genetic manipulations prior to transfer into <i>Staphylococcus</i> (F-Φ80 <i>dlacZ</i> Δ <i>M15</i> Δ <i>lacZYA-argF</i> <i>U169</i> <i>deoR</i> <i>supE44</i> <i>hsdR17</i> <i>recA1</i> <i>endA1</i> <i>gyrA96</i> <i>thi-1</i> <i>relA1</i> ) <sup>2</sup>
NR-50351	<i>E. coli</i> GM2163 λpir	Host strain containing the <i>pir</i> genes for performing genetic manipulations. This strain is also a Dam and Dcm methylase mutant for transfer of plasmids

Catalog Number	Vector or Host	Comments
NR-50351	<i>E. coli</i> GM2163λpir	into <i>Staphylococcus</i> isolates that do not accept <i>E. coli</i> DNA easily (F- <i>ara-14</i> <i>leuB6</i> <i>thuA31</i> <i>lacY1</i> <i>tsx78</i> <i>glnV44</i> <i>galk2</i> <i>galT22</i> <i>mcrA</i> <i>dcm-6</i> <i>hisG4</i> <i>rfbD1</i> <i>rpsL136</i> <i>dam13::Tn9</i> <i>xyIA5</i> <i>mtl-1</i> <i>thi-1</i> <i>mcrB1</i> <i>hsdR2</i> λpir) <sup>2</sup>

**Material Provided:**

Each vial of NR-50350 contains approximately 0.5 mL of *E. coli*, strain DH5αpir in Tryptic Soy broth supplemented with 10% glycerol.

**Packaging/Storage:**

NR-50350 was packaged aseptically in cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

**Growth Conditions:**

Media:

Tryptic Soy broth or equivalent  
Tryptic Soy agar, nutrient agar, Tryptic Soy agar with 5% defibrinated sheep blood or equivalent

Incubation:

Temperature: 37°C  
Atmosphere: Aerobic

Propagation:

1. Keep vial frozen until ready for use, then thaw.
2. Transfer the entire thawed aliquot into a single tube of broth.
3. Use several drops of the suspension to inoculate an agar slant and/or plate.
4. Incubate the tube, slant and/or plate at 37°C for 1 day.

**Citation:**

Acknowledgment for publications should read “The following reagent was contributed by Dr. J. L. Bose for distribution by BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: *Escherichia coli*, Strain DH5αpir, NR-50350.”

**Biosafety Level: 1**

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2009; see [www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmb15/index.htm](http://www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmb15/index.htm).

**Disclaimers:**

You are authorized to use this product for research use only. It is not intended for human use.

Use of this product is subject to the terms and conditions of the BEI Resources Material Transfer Agreement (MTA). The MTA is available on our Web site at [www.beiresources.org](http://www.beiresources.org).

While BEI Resources uses reasonable efforts to include accurate and up-to-date information on this product sheet, neither ATCC® nor the U.S. Government makes any warranties or representations as to its accuracy. Citations from scientific literature and patents are provided for informational purposes only. Neither ATCC® nor the U.S. Government warrants that such information has been confirmed to be accurate.

This product is sent with the condition that you are responsible for its safe storage, handling, use and disposal. ATCC® and the U.S. Government are not liable for any damages or injuries arising from receipt and/or use of this product. While reasonable effort is made to ensure authenticity and reliability of materials on deposit, the U.S. Government, ATCC®, their suppliers and contributors to BEI Resources are not liable for damages arising from the misidentification or misrepresentation of products.

#### Use Restrictions:

**This material is distributed for internal research, non-commercial purposes only.** This material, its product or its derivatives may not be distributed to third parties. Except as performed under a U.S. Government contract, individuals contemplating commercial use of the material, its products or its derivatives must contact the contributor to determine if a license is required. U.S. Government contractors may need a license before first commercial sale.

#### References:

1. Bose, J. L., Personal Communication.
2. Krute, C. N., et al. "Generation of a Stable Plasmid for *In Vitro* and *In Vivo* Studies of *Staphylococcus* Species." *Appl. Environ. Microbiol.* 82 (2016): 6859-6869. PubMed: 27637878.
3. Dunn, A. K., M. O. Martin and E. V. Stabb. "Characterization of pES213, a Small Mobilizable Plasmid from *Vibrio fischeri*." *Plasmid* 54 (2005): 114-134. PubMed: 16122560.

ATCC® is a trademark of the American Type Culture Collection.

